In this issue:

- Student Action Teams and Values Education:
  Primary school students summarise and report on their journey
- Inclusive Student Councils - for all!
  Students with disabilities and special educational needs
- School-Community Projects in Tasmania
- Consulting Students About Teaching and Learning
- Resources: Students as Trustees in New Zealand; MAD Day 2006; Conferences - Sydney and London; Participation Outcomes; Books on Student Councils and Student Action Teams

& Incorporating the PASTA Newsletter #48
The highlight of the last two months for me was attendance recently at the Pupil Voice and Participation Conference in Nottingham, UK (at the end of May). This Conference brought together many of the people in schools, community agencies and universities who are doing exciting work and thinking around ‘pupil voice’ and student participation. I was privileged to be a speaker there and present information - particularly about Australian initiatives around Student Action Teams and related ideas.

The conference also provided many links with work being done around various aspects of ‘voice’, including visual research with and by young people, and about young people’s relationship to community development and construction. Some of the material in this issue of Connect comes directly from presentations at the Conference or from associated contacts there. While in London, I also caught up with School Councils UK around their initiatives in challenging students and schools towards meaningful and purposeful roles for Student Councils.

Students also presented several workshops at the Conference, including about the developments in ESSA: the English Secondary Students Association. I was impressed at the role that ‘gap students’ played nationally and locally: the employment of young people (many of whom had been active in Student Councils), in the year between finishing secondary school and going to further education or training, on various projects that supported student organisations and participation initiatives. This has also been occurring for quite a while in Scandinavian countries and seems something worth developing here.

**Student Action Teams**

The latest Connect book is definitely ‘out there’ and selling steadily. Because this is being produced independently, Connect doesn’t have easy distribution mechanisms - so any publicity that readers can provide would be most appreciated. Did you notice that we’re providing substantial discounts for bulk purchases? We’re doing that in the hope that systems or groups of schools or peak bodies might buy larger numbers of copies for distribution within their own networks.

You could become a Connect distributor and bookseller! You’re not going to make huge amounts of money, I’m afraid (neither are we certainly!), but this might help to make the book available more widely. Talk to us about possibilities!

When we sell enough copies of this book to get the capital back, we’ll then be able to launch into development of the next one!

Roger Holdsworth

**NEXT ISSUE: #160: August 2006**

Deadline for material: end of July 2006
We first heard about the Values Education Good Schools Project in July last year. Our teachers explained to us that our six schools had been lucky enough to be selected by the Australian Government to work as a group to look at what was important to us as students about values.

We were told that we would work in Student Action Teams and that the students in these teams would be investigating where we saw, heard and felt values operating in our homes, schools and community - and where we didn’t see, hear or feel them. The students would then be responsible for deciding what action we would put in place to make things better for all of us.

It has been an amazing journey and we have met lots of new people and had lots of fun. Today we would like to share with you what we have done during this time.

**Student Forum One**

Initially the students in each of the six schools brainstormed about what values are and what they thought the important values were in their school communities. We brought these first ideas to an inter-school Student Forum and shared them with other students and with the staff working as the coordinators in our schools.

At this Forum, we were introduced to the nine national values that the Australian Government had defined. We looked at the values at the values that we had identified against the values chosen by the Australian Government and, in most cases, reached agreement that we were talking about similar things. However we also decided to change the title and definition of one of the national values from ‘Understanding, Tolerance and Inclusion’ to ‘Friendship and Acceptance’ as we decided it was easier to understand, particularly for the younger students in our schools. We also discussed what these values might look like within our homes, schools and wider communities.

We made an important decision and that was that we did want to investigate this topic further. We decided we wanted to research these values as to whether we could see or not see them, hear or not hear them and feel or not feel them in our homes, school and communities.

**Researching Values**

Student Action Teams were set up in each of our schools. Each Student Action Team chose three of the nine values to examine in more detail, with two of our schools looking at each value. In our schools, some Student Action Teams would work within a single class with a teacher, while other teams came from several classes at the school.

The students in the teams started by discussing our values further, writing the meanings of them to show what they meant to us … and we asked others about this too. We developed ‘Y’ charts and similar devices to show what each value looked, sounded and felt like.
The Teams then designed various types of data collection to explore these values within our families, schools and communities. We surveyed students and parents and community members, we interviewed people, and we observed behaviour in our schools. Some of the survey questions asked people about how important they thought these values were; other questions asked about changes over time, or whether people thought they and others treated each other using these values.

**Research Workshop**

A student Research Workshop was held in October, and this allowed the representatives from each school’s Student Action Team to discuss the investigations we were doing, and gain some new skills in research design, data collection and analysis of information. In particular, we learnt how to use computer software to graph results using spreadsheets to display findings, how to look at comments and other forms of qualitative data, how to make generalisations about the observations we had made, and how to get information from community sources. In each team, the aim was to have someone who was an ‘expert’ in the different areas of research and who would share that expertise with other students. These ‘experts’ then went back to their schools and shared what they had learnt at the research workshop with the other members of their Student Action Teams so all members of the team knew how to collate and analyse data.

**Student Forum Two**

The second major Student Forum was held late in 2005. We called this the ‘hinge forum’ as it was the hinge between the research and action phase. At this forum the students presented the results of our investigations. We paired up with the school that was looking at the same value, and the two teams of students reached agreement on the definition of the value. We then compared our research and findings and produced a poster summarising our work to date. We talked about what we needed to do to make this happen in our lives.

Roger then led us on a ‘guided visualisation’ in which we each imagined a future world where the specific value that we were investigating was seen strongly in action, and we compared this to what we saw in our world today. In school teams we then shared our concerns, and started to look at some priorities for action:

- **What big objectives do we have?**
- **What action is best suited to achieving that?**

Finally the groups began to brainstorm what action is and what we would need to do to take this action. We talked about what possible actions that the teams could take in 2006.

**Action Workshop**

At the action workshop we were challenged to look at some action we could take to solve a problem we had identified through our research about our value. We learnt that before we take action we had to think about what sorts of action were possible. Out of all the possibilities we had identified through our research, the first thing we had to do was choose the value we wanted to work on and in what area it was: home, school or in the community. We had to agree what was happening now, and then agree on how we wanted it to be and what we would have to do to achieve this. We also had to look at what may stop this from happening. How we would achieve this would be our action. We then set out the steps we would take to make this happen.
We would now like to share with you what action the Student Action Teams have taken in each of our schools:

St Clement of Rome Primary School

The St Clement of Rome Student Action Team is made up of students from Years 5 and 6.

The action phase of our project began with our group reviewing our three values. They were ‘honesty and trustworthiness’, ‘integrity’ and ‘freedom’. The Student Action Team chose honesty and trustworthiness to focus on in our school community, because the world we wanted to create is one where all share peace, accept responsibility and can depend on each other. We believe that, if we can highlight the values of honesty and trustworthiness in our community, then we can create a more harmonious place to share.

After reviewing our data, we decided to use our Certificate of Merit system to highlight the words and actions students were using with each other. Our certificate of merit awards were given to people who were trying hard or doing good things in their classroom. Now the focus is on people who are displaying the words and actions of honesty and trustworthiness in the classroom and outside.

Two representatives from the Student Action Team attended a staff meeting to discuss the proposal with staff. The staff were asked to discuss this with their classes and talk about the words and actions that teachers would be looking for. This was a really positive meeting and the change to our certificates now has a values focus.

Students and parents were informed of this change at the school assembly and through the school newsletter. We will continue to use these forums to inform our community of the things that are happening in our Student Action Team.

Our next step is to meet again with teachers to collect data that will show us if this process has made a difference. This will also help us to plan for future actions.

We believe that, by working together and creating this positive vibe around our school, we will make our world a better place to be.

Our Lady of the Pines Primary School

The values we investigated at Our Lady of the Pines were ‘responsibility’, ‘freedom’ and ‘integrity’.

At the second Student Forum, we brainstormed ideas and identified the issue of bullying. The Student Action Team came up with the idea of establishing a Peer Mediation Support Team. The SAT discussed the idea and everyone thought it was really positive because this project would include each value we had investigated:

- As seniors at our school, we could take responsibility for creating a more friendly and happier environment;
- Every child has the right to have freedom and to feel safe in the playground;
- If we really believe what we said about responsibility and freedom, we show our integrity by doing what we said we would do, that is, putting into place the Peer Mediation Support Team.

We wrote a letter to Mrs Abbott, our Principal, outlining our idea and asking her if we could do a presentation to the leadership team. We presented to the leadership team on the 7th April. All the members of the leadership team thought the Peer Mediation Support Team was a great idea and fully supported the SAT project. We made an appointment with Mrs Abbott and organised to present our project to all the staff at a staff meeting.
We invited Mrs Cahill to come to our school to talk to the SAT about what Peer Mediation involved.

On Wednesday 26th April, the SAT presented to the whole staff at the staff meeting. All staff members thought it was a great idea and agreed to support the Peer Mediators Program.

This is our timeline from here:

- Present to all Grade 5 and 6 students and request applications for Peer Mediators to be in by May 12th;
- Find out the costs involved in badges, fluoro vests, clipboards and training manuals;
- Meeting with Mrs Abbott to discuss our budget;
- Speak to Grade 5 and 6 teachers and organise dates and times for training;
- Confirm training dates and times with Mrs Cahill;
- Have the first student Mediation Support Team ready for term 3, week 1.

At St Charles Borromeo we have been researching three values: ‘friendship and acceptance’, ‘care and compassion’ and ‘fair go’. After collecting surveys, interviews and observations, the Student Action Teams (or SAT) has decided to extend our buddy system. We already had buddies between Preps and Year 6s, and now we also have the Year 1/2s buddied up with the 3/4s. We realised that the 4/5s were the only class left without buddies, so we decided to buddy them up with the residents from our local retirement village. We also realised that it was important for the Year 6s to buddy up with the staff members, so each staff member now has a buddy from Year 6.

Extending our buddy system was not the only action we made. Every week, the Student Action Team now has a column in the newsletter and writes about a different value each week, which gives parents an understanding about values. We are also handing out certificates at assembly to the students and staff at St Charles to recognise when they are putting the values into action.
At St Kevin’s, our value we are focusing on is ‘care and compassion’. After attending the forum together, we discussed what action we wanted to put in place at our school. We met with Mrs Petkovic to talk about our ideas. We decided that we would concentrate on the value of care and compassion.

We thought it would be a good idea to help children at our school if they had problems with their friends in the playground. We decided to be ‘go to’ people. This is peer mediation, and is when a group of children help others.

We created a timeline of what actions we would need to achieve, and when we would achieve them. We created a chart.

We wrote about the action we wanted to focus on, and what we would need. For example, we needed to wear brightly coloured vests and lanyards with the questions we would ask children when they had problems.

We met with our Principal, Mrs Miers, to discuss our plans. She helped us to put our action into place. We presented a slide show at our assembly where we told all the teachers and kids about our plans.

We are ready to be the ‘go to’ people in the playground. Teachers will train us to deal with problems. Then we will be ready. We will have rosters so we can rotate between play and lunch.

St Gregory’s researched the values of ‘respect’, ‘honesty and trustworthiness’ and ‘doing your best’ and we found that respect was lacking. So at St Gregory’s, our Values Education action is Manners Week, based on the value of respect.

To try and improve respect, we have put up posters, spoken at assembly and at a staff meeting twice, and have also made a book and a role play for the Preps and Grade 1s.

For Manners Week we are rewarding one person from each class for trying their best to show respect to their classmates and friends. We intend to have Manners Week each term. By doing this, St Gregory’s is hoping to improve its students’ attitude and to educate their lifestyle.
At SS Peter and Paul’s, East Doncaster, our values have been ‘responsibility’, ‘doing your best’ and ‘respect’. We decided to focus on ‘respect’ for our actions.

Some of the things we have done are:

- We wrote to the Premier, Steve Bracks, and received a letter back from him showing all his support;
- We attended Manningham Promoting Character Annual General Meeting and told them about this wonderful project and got to sit in big chairs at the Council;
- We informed the school about the SAT project at school assemblies;
- We wrote the lyrics and performed a song about respect for the whole school;
- We made posters for each classroom about respect;
- We wrote and illustrated a picture story about respect for the Juniors;
- We performed plays for each class telling them about respect, responsibility and doing your best;
- We made badges for each class for teachers to award to the “most respectful student of the week”.

We are going to continue working in our Student Action Team to help all the people in our school be better people by showing good values.
Inclusive Student Councils

Student Councils for All

School Councils UK has recently published a very useful guide to Including disabled pupils and students with special education needs in Student Councils. This book, written by Justin Simon and Judith Stone, contains principles, ideas and activities for building ‘Student Councils for All’.

The following are some excerpts from the book; full details about its availability are given at the end.

Student Councils must represent the needs and concerns of all students if they are to be successful and effective. They cannot do this unless they are inclusive.

Being inclusive involves representing students with special educational needs (SEN) and disabilities and fully reflecting their interests. These students may make up 20% of the school population. However, they are not necessarily a distinct group; many students who have not been formally identified as having SEN may also have additional needs.

Inclusion means more than a concern about any one group of students - it is about equal opportunities and safeguarding the interests of all students. Everyone will benefit if the Student Council actively adopts an inclusive approach.

An inclusive Student Council is one in which:

- the membership of the Council reflects the student population of the school in terms of age, gender, ethnicity, disabilities and special educational needs, and social background;
- all members represent the views of their constituency (their form or year or grade);
- all members understand the importance of taking into account the views and needs of all the groups in the school;
- every group of students is encouraged to be actively involved;
- all students have an opportunity to participate as members of the Student Council.

This manual focuses on including students with SEN and disabilities, but its principles are also more widely applicable to all other groups who are vulnerable to exclusion for any reason.

An inclusive Student Council is not about:

- Ignoring differences.
- Putting students together without any preparation, resources or support.
- Expecting students to make an effort to fit in without recognising the barriers to participation.
- Making separate arrangement for students with SEN that exclude them from the school community.

An inclusive Student Council is about:

- Recognising, respecting and valuing differences.
- Providing the training, resources and continuing support to create genuine inclusion.
- Identifying barriers to participation and making every effort to remove them.
- Involving everyone in the Student Council as a central part of the life of the school community.

My child is now ‘special’ for what she can do for herself and others, not for what she can’t do.

Parent of a child with SEN who is on her Student Council

It aims to:

- help teachers and students in schools that already have a Student Council to make it more inclusive;
- help those who are planning to set up a Student Council to build it on a foundation of inclusive practices;
- help schools to recognise the value of Student Councils that include all students.

(pages 8-9)
**ideas for action**

- Review all Student Council general training activities to make sure that everyone is able to take part;
- Incorporate training activities on inclusion into Student Council and classroom meeting agendas;
- Make sure that all Student Council training sessions include the practical implications of inclusion (eg elections - details in Manual: ‘Elections must be fair, with everyone having the same opportunity to take part at each stage. An inclusive Student Council makes sure that no part of the election process unintentionally excludes some students.’);
- If possible, appoint at least one trainer who is disabled for disability equality training;
- Find out whether the parents of pupils with SEN or disabilities could offer training and advice on the most effective ways of supporting their children;
- Identify resources that could help the Student Council to become more inclusive (UK resources are included in the Manual);
- Include the development of the Student Council within the school’s accessibility planning arrangements;
- Draw up a training budget and decide how to access or raise the money.

(Activity: What are the barriers?)

Divide students into six small groups.
- Give each group a large piece of paper and some felt-tips (textas).
- Ask the groups to draw a student and give her/him a name.

When the drawings are complete, tell them that their student is a new member of their Classroom or Student Council.
- Tell the groups that their Council member has a special educational need, a physical disability or a sensory impairment.
- Assign each group one of the following:
  * Blind or visually impaired
  * Deaf or hearing impaired
  * Mobility impaired or a wheelchair user
  * Specific learning difficulty (eg dyslexia, dyspraxia)
  * Severe learning difficulties
  * Labelled as having social, emotional and/or behavioural difficulties
  * Hidden impairment eg diabetes, epilepsy
- They should write this special need or disability on the top of their drawing.

Have a list of essential Council activities ready on a flipchart or whiteboard; this could include:
- suggesting items for the agenda
- finding out what will be on the agenda before the meeting
- taking part in discussions
- being nominated for election
- being elected onto the Student Council as the class representative
- voting in elections
- writing notes
- reading the minutes
- chairing a meeting
- reporting back to class

Tell them that they are going to consider whether their Council member can take a full part in each of the activities in your own school now.
- Tell them to think about:
  * barriers caused by attitudes (of staff and students)
  * physical barriers (the building, equipment, how you communicate)
  * organisational barriers (eg how the timing of meetings could affect students who have special transport)
- You might find it helpful to refer to some examples (included in Manual).

Give each group a set of post-it notes:
- If anything would make it difficult for their person to take part, they should write the problem onto a post-it note.
- Starting at their person’s feet, they should stick each post-it on top of the figure to build a wall.

When they have finished, pin all the figures up to create a mural of the figures and the walls. (This will remain on display for some time, so a transparent sheet would protect the post-its from being removed before the ‘brick’ has really been demolished.)

Tell them that from now on, the whole school must help to pull down the wall, brick by brick.

Copies of **School Councils for All** are available from:
**School Councils UK**, 108-110 Camden High Street, London NW1 0LU
**e-mail**: info@schoolcouncils.org  **web**: www.schoolcouncils.org
The manual (code ASCUK036) costs £15.00 for non-members of School Councils UK. There may be an additional cost for postage to Australia.